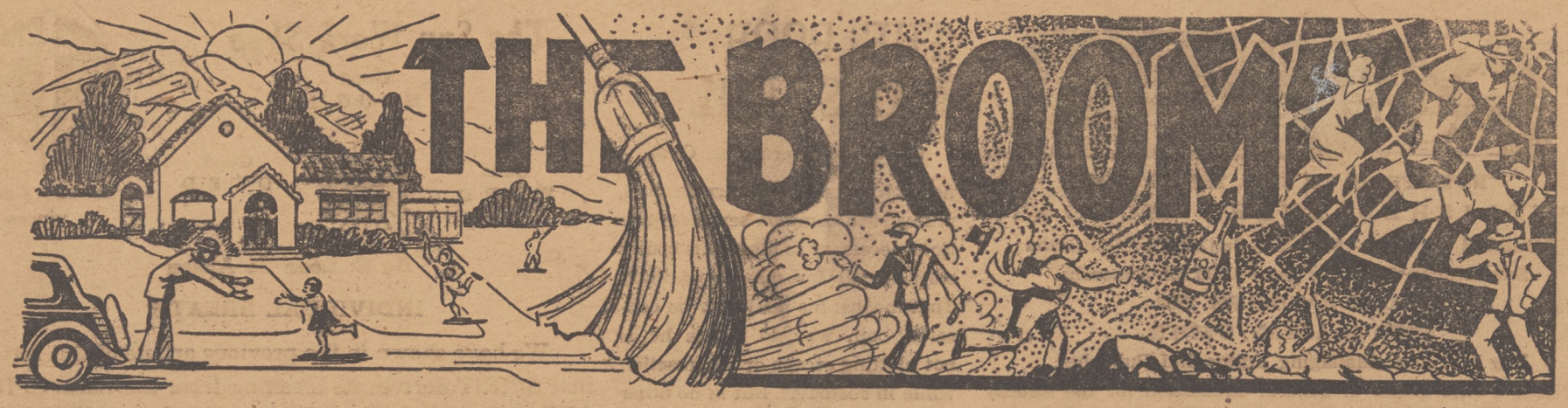
Strahlmann, Dr. L. 1-2-44
411 Medico Dental Bldg.



VOLUME XIII. No. 27. SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA, MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1943. $2.50 PER YEAR—SINGLE COPY 5 CENTS

Government's Intention To Seek 3rd Indictment Legal Bombshell

WASHINGTON—Faced with the possibility that an April grand jury may return a third indictment against their clients, a host of defense attorneys have appeared in District Court to announce their course of action in "morale conspiracy" arguments growing out of the legal bombshell dropped by Prosecutor O. John Rogge.

Mr. Rogge, successor to William Power Maloney as chief Government counsel in the case, announced in open court that he intends to seek from the April grand jury a third indictment against various persons charged with conspiring to undermine the morale of the armed forces.

Several defense counsel, headed by Claude A. Thompson, representing Hans Diebel, moved that their clients be released from custody and bond and that the two present indictments be dismissed on the grounds that the Government is abandoning these indictments. Justice Jesse C. Adkins did not grant the motion.

Validity of Count Upheld

Mr. Rogge answered this argument by stating that the "Government has said nothing about abandonment of indictments" and asked the court to dispose of motions relating to the second indictment in order that the determinations of the court may be followed in full in the effort to draw the third, proposed indictment.

Previously Justice Adkins had upheld the validity of the second count of the second indictment on a majority of points, insofar as recent discussions have related to this count.

Defense counsel conferred at length in an off-the-record courtroom caucus, but refused to state for publication the results of their determinations, if any.

Mr. Rogge told the court that if the defendants insist on an immediate trial, he may proceed on the first indictment. If the Government should elect to do this, six defendants named in the second indictment but not named in the first would automatically be dropped from the proceedings.

These are George E. Deatherage, Mrs. Lois de Lafayette Washburn, Frank W. Clark, Paquita de Shismareff, Frank K. Ferenz and the New York Evening Enquirer, Inc., William Griffin, editor-publisher of the New York Enquirer, was named in the first indictment.

The first indictment was returned July 21, 1942. The second was returned January 4 of this year. Names of all of the persons listed in the first indictment were included in the second, together with the six additional defendants.

Defense Wins Demurrer

During hearings on the second indictment the defense scored its most smashing victory of the proceedings, winning a demurrer which declared void the first count of this indictment. Grounds for this allegation was the charge that since the the first carried the alleged conspiracy back to 1933, and since the law under which the count was drawn was not effective until 1940, the alleged conspirators were accused of violating a law seven years before that law was operative.

The question of whether or not the attempt to draw a third indictment, if successful, would facilitate getting the case into trial court also is open to debate.

One observer pointed out that since many legal questions have been disposed of in the preliminary attacks on two indictments, it might not be necessary to cover this ground again as a preliminary to possible trial court proceedings based on the third indictment.

—The Evening Star.

de Aryan Must Wait For Possible 3rd Indictment

WASHINGTON—Prosecutor O. John Rogge, U. S. Asst. Atty., in charge of the "Nazi propaganda" case against 34 defendants, announced to Justice Jesse C. Adkins, in Federal Court, that the Government will not proceed to try the defendants on either of the 2 indictments against them, charging them with demoralizing the armed forces and inciting to mutiny, but will wait till a new Grand Jury has been impaneled in April and then ask for a third indictment on the same charges.

Defense attorneys immediately moved that the court dismiss the two indictments and release the defendants from jail or from bond, respectively, but Rogge opposed the motion on the grounds that the Government wants the defendants to be held where the government may get them anytime the 3rd indictment is rendered. The court then ruled that it had no power to dismiss the indictments.

It is not expected that a new indictment will be rendered before May and, because of the mid-year vacations of the court, trial would not take place before October.

The court did not rule on the legality of the 1st indictment waiting for a decision of the Supreme Court in a similar case now pending, for a precedent. The court threw out the first half of the 2nd indictment.

This places a terrific financial burden upon defendants who have been brought to this city from the Pacific coast for trial and who must now wait to see whether a 3rd indictment will be forthcoming and that would be any better (or worse) than the other two.

C. Leon de Aryan's address is P. O. Box 2014, Washington, D. C.

SULFA DRUG FAILURES TRACED TO CHEMICAL

WASHINGTON— The reason for failure of the sulfa drugs in some cases, development of a condition which doctors call sulfonamide resistance or sulfonamide fastness, has been traced to increased production by the disease germs of an anti-sulfa drug chemical.

Experiments showing this in the case of staphyiococcus aureus, the kind of germ that causes boils, carbuncles and abscesses, are reported by Dr. Maurice Landy, Dr. Newton W. Larkum, Dr. Elizabeth J. Oswald and Dr. Frank Streightoff, the Army Medical School here, in the forthcoming issue of Science.

THE POOR MAN'S JAIL

Mr. Charles E. Ford,
D. C. Bar Association,
Washington, D. C.
Dear Mr. Ford:

Pardon my delay in presenting my report and complaints, Re: Treatment of prisoners held in lieu of bail for court appearance.

On July 22nd, 1942 I was arrested by the U. S. Deputy Marshall of San Diego, California, Robert Ransdell,, on a telegraphic warrant, to be held and "returned" to the city of Washington, D. C., as a "fugitive from justice" on a conspiracy charge rendered by a special D. C. Grand Jury under the guidance of William Power Maloney. I was brought to the D. C. Jail on October 6, 1942 and held there till January 13, 1943.

During my incarceration in the D. C. Jail I was deprived of my rights under the Constitution to be considered and treated as an innocent person till found guilty by proper court trial.

My bail had been set at $5,000 cash, which I was unable to furnish. Had I furnished bail I would have been free to go about my business, visit and correspond freely, write for publication and feed myself properly, being a vegetarian, as well as take necessary physical exercises to conserve my good health.

I am proceeding from the premise that under the Constitution a man may not be treated as a convict is treated before he has been sentenced by a court after due legal process. If my premise is wrong, then we have no effective constitutional rights.

I wish to point out, that if a man's right to liberty rests upon his financial status, then a fundamental wrong is done him in equity. The Constitution is intended to protect poor and rich alike.

But under our system of furnishing bail, the rich may do so, while the poor must languish in jail, which I did from July 22, 1942 to January 13, 1943, because I was poor, and for no other reason.

I don't bow to the hoary nonsense that because an evil is time honored it should be perpetuated, but urge that it is so much more reason why it shuold be ended, and equity restored.

I claim that a man in jail in lieu of bail is entitled to the identic privileges he would have were

(Continued on Page Two)

THE BROOM

"NOT AFRAID TO TELL THE TRUTH"

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY

Published at 3865 - 43rd St., San Diego, California

Subscription $2.50 per year; $1.30 for 6 months.

PHONE RANDOLPH 2890

FRED de ARYAN, OWNER

Roy O. Akers, Managing Editor and Publisher

Declared a legal paper of general circulation for the County and City of San Diego, in California, by Superior Court order, January 15, 1932.

Entered as second-class matter March 27, 1931, at the post-office of San Diego, California, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

OUR GROUNDHOG WORLD

By GEORGE CARTWRIGHT

Production vs. Destruction

In the book, "Admiral Sims and the Modern American Navy", Chas. A. Beard quotes the Admiral as stating: "If I had the brains I would quit this business and give them to the Singletax".

Schoolmen Aid Monopoly

City superintendents and top people in Nebraska's public schools are backing a 2% Salestax bill in the Legislature of that state. Monumental schools are often built as a bait to sell land. To the extent Salestax funds build or sustain school work, Land Rent which is capitalized into mortgage debt, is produced. Its a form of public embezzlement of private property from consumers to enable land speculators to embezzel public property—Land Rent, a community product due to population growth and schools to educate them in everything to simple honest economics.

Wilson and Wallace

We understand a popular topic of conversation at Pres. Wilson's dinner table was Henry George's economics. On this he has been quoted: "All the country needs is a new and sincere thought in politics, coherently, distinctly, and boldly uttered by men who are sure of their ground. The power of men like Henry George seems to me to mean that".

As the land speculation for which Land Rent for Revenue is the simple remedy, Vice-Pres. Wallace has been quoted: "Sometimes I think land speculation is a plague more terrible than drought and insect pests and almost as bad as war itself". He might have completed the picture by stating, land speculation empoverishes the many, enriches the few; the many empoverished cannot buy their own production. trade rivilary produces bitterness between peoples & unemployed men provide armies to make war, famine and pestilence. In other words, land monopoly is automatically self-destructive.

Stokes Enters Army

Dillard Stokes, Washington Post reporter, who for two years has been "exposing" anti-American activities and propagandists, will continue his Axis-busting in the uniform of the United States Army.

Stokes has reported for active duty as a private, after permission from his draft board to volunteer.

Stokes "campaign" against the Nazi network, which has been published in The Post's columns for the past two years, won for him the **Heywood Broun Memmorial Award of the American Newspaper 'Guild"** last June. Stokes was cited for "an outstanding job of newspaper reporting".

President of the Washington Newspaper Guild, Stokes has been a delegate to two national "guild" conventions.

THE POOR MAN'S JAIL

(Continued from Page One)

he rich enough to furnish bail, minus such common sense restrictions necessary to insure his bodily stay in jail for due appearance. That means: his mail may be censored both way to insure he is not plotting escape or insurrection while in custody. But in no other way is it to be censored. His food is to be "censored" to insure that it will not contain poison or instruments concealed to facilitate escape or insurrection, but he is not to be deprived of buying or receiving such food as he needs.

When the Superintendent of D. C. Jail interfered even with the relationship of secrecy between my legal counsel and myself, by refusing counsel access to see me unless he signed a form promising to show him the text of any written communication given him by myself, I filed suit against the Supt. E. A. Green, to show cause why he should not be restrained from interferring in my relationship with legal counsel as well as in my correspondence for publication in California newspapers.

The case came up in Federal District Court of the District of Columbia for hearing before Justice Jesse C. Adkins, on Jan. 11, 1943. I had filed suit in persona propria but Judge Adkins appointed Mssrs. Sadler and Golibart of this city as legal counsel in that action to represent me.

Supt. Green, on the witness-stand, confirmed my presentation of the facts involved to be correct; also that I had been an exemplary prisoner. He further stated that personally he wished he had the means to give a different treatment to "political prisoners" and such as are held in lieu of bail, from treatment and discipline applied to convicts, but that the appropriation was insufficient.

Judge Adkins informed Green that under the law he was forced to uphold my contention that Green could not read correspondence or written messages addressed to my legal counsel, without violating the secrecy relationship between counsel and client, and that I had a perfect right to seal letters addressed to my counsel and forbid Green to read same, as well that counsel was under no obligation to inform Green of the contents of any communication given him in writing at a jail visit, as long as counsel stated that it was in line of legal relationship and not a personal or foreign matter to the case under litigation.

Judge Adkins also informed Green that under the law, before conviction, he was not authorized to interfer with my writing of articles or books for publication, or to strike out portions of same, or refuse to have them mailed, all of this with the proviso that it

(Continued on Page Three)

The Sun Work Shop

Good THOUGHT

Good WORD — Good DEED

"In hoc signo vinces."

By C. Leon de Aryan

INDIVIDUAL BREATH

We have shown in the previous article of this series that SPIRIT derives its meaning from the Latin SPIRARE, to breathe. Thus the scriptural meaning of the Spirit of God must be properly translated as the Breath of God, and Holy Spirit is Holy Breath. Now we are on scientific ground and away from all mystery humbug.

Where there is breath, there is life, there is God. God is the living Spirit, the living Breath in you and in me. Without God there is no LIFE and ALL life is spiritual, or breath. Creation is breath. That now gives us the scientific key to the control of life, through the control and cultivation of breath, which means spirit.

While it will take many more articles to go into detail how the breathing first cell multiplies itself and in the long line of evolutionary processes finally emerges as a complex organism representing the human body, being practical in intention, we shall now proceed to give instructions to the pupil who is desirous to personally put to the test this view of life.

Breath gives an impetus to blood circulation. Lack of breath finally stops the heart from breathing. As the blood is driven into the brain cells do those cells function. Stop the blood supply and they die. The intensity of brain function depends upon blood supply at all times, all other matters being equal. The blood supply **can be furnished** by thinking, and it **must be furnished** by breathing. When not thinking the blood still flows because of breathing. But the definite effort of thinking certain things directs the blood into corresponding brain cells. Combine the two processes and you rule your brain.

The amount of blood, and into what part of the brain cells from him who is interested in mathematics. The ATTENTION of the individual, or one may say the CONCENTRATION upon thought, and the ratio of the breath rythm.

He who is interested in music develops different brain cells from him who is interested n mathematics. He who breaths fully can learn faster than he who lacks oxygenation. The brain has to be nourished when exercised. Food and exercise. It also depends upon what you put into your stomach that decides whether the blood has the proper elements to feed the brain. But in any case unless that food reaches the brain it cannot reflect the proper thought, you say: "I cannot concentrate today".

The ratio in which the blood nourishes the brain depends upon the length of SPIRITUAL waves. "Seek ye, therefore, **first the RULE** of your Father's Spirit, and all these other things are naturally yours in addition".

Now we have the whole problem solved and plain before us. Spirit means breath, 'seek ye **first the Rule** of creative breath', because the Father is the Creator, AND, self-evidently you can now create anything you need. That is plain.

And the rule of creative, individualized breath, is 7 seconds exhalation, of the HOLY SPIRIT, in modern English, of the WHOLE breath.

A partial breath is when you breath with the upper,

Taft Charges Davis Usurps Radio's Time

Senator Taft (R), Ohio, has made the declaration that "it is both an abuse of power and an insult to the intelligence of the American people and to the abilities of our free press and radio workers for Elmer Davis, chief of the Office of War Information, to commandeer all the radio stations of the United States regularly in his series of propaganda broadcasts.

Davis, who began a series of weekly radio talks recently, denied that he brodcast any propaganda or commandeered any stations, and said that stations are free to present other programs at the time of his broadcasts if they wish.

Taft said in a statement:

"I shall be interested in discovering by what authority, or pressure, Mr. Davis is able to command time on the four radio networks simultaneously and virtually say to the people that they must listen to him or turn off their radios.

"There was not one word said by Mr. Davis in his first broadcast that he could not have depended on the regular radio newcasters, the commentators and the newspaper writers to explain adequately to the country.

"Both the radio and the newspapers have given the fullest cooperation to the Government in explaining the war effort. In Washington, Mr. Davis has at his call the finest corps of correspondents in the world. And the only confusion in the interpretation of war activities has been within the Government itself, or where the tendency toward censorship has made the facts unavailable.

"There is no excuse in the world for Mr. Davis to usurp their functions or assume that he must go over their heads to the people. That is, unless Mr. Davis has a more subtle propaganda program for the future than was revealed in his first broadcast."

Davis replied when asked to comment:

"We didn't commandeer any chains or stations. We put on the broadcast for anybody that wanted it and tried to adjust the time to make it most convenient for everybody.

"We didn't have all four networks. The Mutual broadcast it next day at a time more convenient to it and I understand the Blue carried Mr. Knox (Secretary of the Navy) until he was through, so that it cut three or four minutes off my talk.

"Any local station on the chains is at liberty to put on a local program at the time of the brodcast if it wants to.

"And if Mr. Taft will point out any propaganda I'll greatly appreciate it."

---

or with the middle, or with the lower lobs of the lungs only. But the WHOLE of the SPIRIT is when you inhale and exhale ALL of the breath, all 5 of the lungs, THEN all of the brain is fully supplied and by extending the breath to 7 seconds, from the usual 3 or 4 seconds of inhalation and exhalation, you give the brain time enuf to THINK, that is to function long enuf so that YOU catch on to the spirtiual idea, or inspiration, and it FORMS a groove in the gray matter and INSCRIBES itself there for your memory to draw upon. This process of grooving is the material equivalent to Learning. No grooves, no knowledge.

UNIVERSAL BOOT SHOPS
W. L. Douglas Shoes
America's Best Known Shoes
946 Fifth Ave. 1134 Fifth Ave.
2917 University Ave. 4014 University Ave.

THE POOR MAN'S JAIL

(Continued from Page Two)

did not plot or endanger the safe conduct of the jail activities.

Mr. Green expressed himself quite willing to comply with such judicial opinion, but protested that it would cost money to supply the necessary censorship to scan such literary activities to insure that these were not dangerous to the conduct of the jail before forwarding the MSS by mail. Justice Adkins even was willing to order Green to allow me the use of my typewriter while held in custody for trial..

After the hearing Mr. Adkins postponed rendering a final ruling for two days and ordered the litigants to report back in court.

But a short while thereafter he had a talk with Messrs. Sadler & Golibart and discovering that a premium of $50 paid to a bail bond broker would release me on a $1,000 bond, he reduced my bail to that amount.

No broker dared write the bond, being afraid that I was a dangerous Nazi agent, till Mr. George Maurice Morris, President of the American Bar wrote his own personal check for $50 premium and stood morally sponsor for my good character and appearance at trial. Then Jones & Conroy wrote the bond that released me from jail custody. And when the time came for appearance in court on my Mandamus action against the Jail Supt., the case had become moot since I was no longer in his custody, so I withdrew my complaint, reluctantly, of course, because I would have liked to have the verbal ruling of Justice Adkins reduced to writing.

Because of my poverty I had to stay in jail in California and D. C. for practically six months. I was chewed up by bedbugs and other vermin; as a vegetarian I did not get sufficient food and was transported in manacles and leg irons from Los Angeles to D. C., being chained even at night in the train which endangered my life in case of a train accident.

I took this matter up with Mr. James V. Bennett, Bureau of Prisons, Dept. of Justice. He agreed that American prisons are archaically barbarous, saying that he had written on the same subject,

(Continued on Page Four)

TAILORS and CLEANERS
GEORGE A. SAUL, Tailor—
1115 Broadway

CHIROPRACTORS
DR O. R. WAGNER, D. C. 2863 Fifth Ave., Phone Jackson 1439.
DR. R. J. McBRIDE. D. C.. 411 Fifth Ave. Bldg., Main 1466.
PINKHAM & IRISH, 1956 Fifth Ave., Phone Franklin 4988.

OLIVES
CRYSTAL'S California Olives.

University Gives 2,122 Degrees In Mid-Year Commencement

BERKELEY— Degrees and certificates totaling 2,122 were mailed to students who completed their requirements at the end of the fall term on the Berkeley. San Francisco, and Davis campuses of the University of California. Owing to the speed-up program, it was impossible to announce the names at the time of the Commencement exercises, or to hand out the degrees at that time.

Degrees numbered 2,019, of which 339 were those of Associate in Arts, marking the completion of two years of university work. Other degrees granted were: bachelors at Berkeley, Davis, and San Francisco, 1,342; bachelor of science in pharmacy 50; doctor of dental science 31 and bachelor of science 27, in the College of Dentistry; doctor of medicine 52; bachelor of laws, Hastings College of the Law 2, School of Jurisprudence 12; master of science 14; master of arts 76; doctor of education 3; doctor of philosophy 68; electrical engineer 1. Certificates were 103 in number.

Permit, Please

Please, I want a permit so I may clean my teeth,
I have a permit for the top row but not for the row underneath.
Please, I want a permit to put up my umbrella in the rain,
Shall I need another permit to take it down again?
Please, I want a permit to call my soul my own,
Please, I Want a permit because I want to be alone.
Please, I want a permit to finish off this song,
If I do not get a permit I'll go on and on ond on.

—Watchman-Examiner.

Smith & Haight
OLDSMOBILE DEALERS
Better Used Cars
1521 Broadway -:- San Diego

U. S. Hints Bonds In Sedition Case Will Be Lowered

by Philip Warden in Times-Herald

WASHINGTON— There were two developments last week in the preliminary hearings in the Federal District Court here on the Government's case against 34 alleged seditionists.

Judge Jesse C. Adkins indicated he would grant lower bonds for the 33 individual defendants and the one defendant corporation. He also examined documents, submitted by the Department of Justice as Nazi propaganda material allegedly employed to undermine American morale.

Cost of Bonds Cited

The plea for reduction of bonds was advanced by attorneys reprenting James C. True and George C. Detherage, who complained that the premiums they must pay on the $5,000 bonds are a heavy drain on their pockets. Other defendants joined in the plea for bond reduction. The judge indicated he would lower the bond on the presentation of formal applications.

On the second development the Government disclosed that Robert Edward Edmondson, one of the alleged seditionists, will be prosecuted for distributing documents describing President Roosevelt as a Jew, carrying the implication he got the country into war to help fellow Jews.

This allegation, which was expected to be a bombshell but which created only a mild ripple of interest, is an old one to the President. On various informal occasions in recent years he has discussed the subject, asserting that so far as he knows there is no Jewish blood in his veins, adding that he wished there were.

Agreement Cited.

Government Prosecutor O. John Rogge, in arguing that the Department of Justice was willing to return some of Edmondson's papers but would not give up the documents describing President Roosevelt as a Jew, declared that Edmondson had consented to seizure of his papers at the time of his arrest.

Rogge went so far as to contend that the "documents charged President Roosevelt is a Jew are just as much an instrument of a crime as a gun or counterfeit money seized at the time of the capture of a criminal". He declared these documents "are part of the line of Nazi propaganda being used to undermine the morale of the American people".

Attorney John S. Wise jr., who represents Edmondson, fired back: "There's nothing unlawful in calling Roosevelt a Jew because it's true".

Papers Retained

The judge ruled that because Edmondson had consented to the Federal agents taking these papers at the time of his arrest, the Department of Justice could retain them.

When the defendants will be brought to trial still is undecided. Counsel for the defendants, after succeeding in getting the two indictments brought for the Government in the case so emasculated that their value in a trial would be questionable, have elected to leave the next move up to the Government.

Prosecutor Rogge said "the matter is going to be presented to the April grand jury. There is going to be some decisoin by that time what the Government is going to do".

At the moment the Government has three choices:

1. Go to trial under only the first indictment, which named only 28 of the defendants and is considered somewhat "shaky".
2. Go to trial under the "shaky" first indictment and the emasculated second indictment.
3. Draw up a new indictment for the April grand jury and then once more go through the argument of all the prelimnary motions and demurrers that are almost certain to be raised.

Scientific Experiments in Religion

by C. Leon de Aryan

WASHINGTON— Anyone who went calling on Thomas Alva Edison had to be prepared to find a man whose life interest was the Etheric Principle of Power which maifests in electricity, magnetism, adhesion, cohesion and gravity. Savage minds had the world populated with Imps, Gremlins and gods who were playing pranks and threw bolts down from Olympus to show us their displeasure. but Edison's intelligence perceived a specific principle behind all those manifestations and to better comprehend the nature and workings thereof, he established his laboratories and surrounded himself with people who collaborated in the exploration of that principle and its application to useful doodads. Such people have helped transform this earth from a place of physical drudgery to a place of power and mastery over matter, to a certain extent.

Roy Akers, the printer, and now editor of THE BROOM, wrote me that people are inquiring about me, and saying that even though they have no use for my religion they believe I have been getting a dirty deal and as Americans, for the sake of the Republic, they want to stand be me and help me.

Fred, my son, now owner of this paper, writes me that he is too busy with school work to write articles for the BROOM and would I not write some.

Under the present policy of the Attorney General and the Postal Departmnet it is difficult to express what is in my mind without it being twisted into sedition to demoralize the "armed forces". Pegler can speak his mind, McCormick may kick the pants of high officials, but when I do it, it's called sedition. So, then, I have to do as Edison always did, he spoke on matters of his own current experiments to people who were interested.

To understand what I am doing you have to realize that they are practical experiments in religion, as Edison experimented with chemistry and electricity and found their relationship to each other.

I want to know whether God rules supreme, all the time, and how that operates in detail. Naturally, then, I have to create situations, as well as take advantage of extraordinary situations, to put my theories to the test and find out the modus operandi. And that is all I have been doing since I was born. It's the only interest I have in life and because God includes all domains of life, material, mental, spiritual, as well as social and individual, natulally all of life is a mervelous experiment and adventure to me by which I profit, coming and going, because if I fail, I learn the reason why and if I succeed I am that much ahead.

So when the powers that be in any country, issue orders which palpably contravene the laws of God, I am irresistibly interested to find out how they will proceed to get away with it and at what point and in what manner will they break down and hell will break loose.

Now that is a marvelous experiment, of course, terribly dangerous because I have to risk my life and everything I have or ever achieved to be right in the midst of things and still hold with God in order to have the point of vantage from which I might observe the activities in the whole arena of operations.

What more wonderful interest can one take in life itself? What better application could one make of the gifts God gave us? And since HE endowed each one of us with unalienable rights, what higher duty as Americans but to exercise those rights and find out what happens!

This is my experiment in religion.

THE POOR MAN'S JAIL

(Continued from Page Three)

but that Wardens had all the legal authority to make improvements and were held back only by their personal disinclination or the lack of funds.

I also presented the matter to the prison committee of the Board of Public Welfare in D. C. who took a stenographic record of my statement and promised to take the matter up with the whole board.

From all this it is perfectly clear that everybody is agreed that my contentoin is perfectly correct, namely that non-convicts are being treated like convicts in violation of the Bill of Rights & of human common sense to the great detriment to themselves personally and the good name of the nation in general.

It is generally agreed that legal power is vested in prison wardens and superintendents to initiate the proper distinction in treatment of these two types of prisoners, but is equally agreed that the bodies who handle the appropriation of funds don't seem to be aware of this need.

According to Mr. Bennett's reasoning, it appears to me, that if legal counsel for such prisoners were to institute a campaign of filing actions to show cause why the constitutional rights of their clients should not be respected and the courts were to rule in favor of the prisoners, the publicity attendant upon such mass rulings would soon educate the appropriation committees to an understanding that constitutional rights mean what they say and that all officers of the law are bound to enforce this respect for the constitution in practice.

This is something timely and worth while for the Bar Association of D C. to look into and take up in their agenda.

Sincerely yours,

C. LEON de ARYAN.

P. O. Box 1014, Washington, D. C.

ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES
HEILBRON ELECTRICAL CO.,
866 Sixth Ave., Franklin 7847.

READ:—
"War Is A Racket", by General Smedley Butler, ... **$1.00**
For Better Understanding—
The Moffatt Bible—B4 a splendid gift number, ... **$7.50**
Herebert S. Mace
Artesia, California

HOLES Rewoven, $1. up;
with this ad. 50c off.
Cigarette, Moth
HAYES MENDING
2139 El Cajon J-1145